Wildfire & Drought LOOKOUT!

DROUGHT MEANS MORE WILDFIRE --BE ALERT AND PREPARED--

- Dry conditions significantly increase wildfire risk in Hawaii.
- Wildfires are a frequent, year-round hazard across Hawaii.
- Nearly all wildfires are started by people.
- Drought during past El Niños led to some of Hawaii's largest wildfires on both windward and leeward sides.



HELP DO YOUR PART BY PREVENTING WILDFIRE



Clear vegetation 10 feet around campfires and BBQs, keep a shovel and water nearby, and put them out COLD before walking away.



Be sure machinery (chainsaws, weed trimmers) and recreational vehicles have operating spark arrestors and are maintained regularly.



Heat from vehicle exhaust systems can ignite dry grass - park cars on areas that are paved or where vegetation is trimmed and cleared.



Fireworks are a common cause of brushfires in dry, grassy areas - attend and enjoy public fireworks displays to maximize safety and fire protection.

Avoid these activities when it's windy or grass and brush are dry!

This message brought to you by:

- Hawaii Wildfire Management Organization
- University of Hawaii CTAHR Cooperative Extension
- Hawaii Department of Land and Natural Resources
- DLNR Division of Forestry and Wildlife
- . U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
- NOAA National Weather Service
- Hawaii Community College
- U.S. Army Garrison-Hawaii

- Honolulu Fire Department
- Hawaii Fire Department
- Maui Fire Department
- Kauai Fire Department
- Federal Fire Department
- National Park Service
- USDA Forest Service













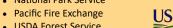






















14 EASY Wildfire Preparedness Action Ideas

Harden Your Home

- Clear leaves and debris from gutters and roof
- Maintain 6 inches between siding and ground
- Cover eaves and vents with 1/8" mesh
- Clear combustible materials next to and under home and lanai
- Protect windows clear vegetation, close them when the fire comes

Do your part and share! Submit photos and stories of your wildfire preparedness actions. #WildfireReadyHI

Lighten Your Landscape

- Create defensible space within 100 feet of home or up to boundary line
- Keep grass short
- Keep tree branches high off ground
- Clear brush and leaf piles

Plan Ahead

- Create and practice a family evacuation plan
- Include assisting neighbors with special needs in your evacuation plans
- Make sure fire vehicles and personnel can defend your home from all sides
- Make sure hydrants, pools, and water tanks are accessible
- Work with your neighbors or community association to become better prepared for wildfire. Examples: Gather a group of volunteers to clear weeds along subdivision boundaries or in communal areas, invite HWMO to offer a community Firewise workshop, or gather neighbors to discuss and address wildfire safety

For more information:

The PDF version of this flyer and the Ready, Set, Go! Wildland Fire Action Guide can be found online at:

www.hawaiiwildfire.org/lookout